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FIRST TIME ISOLATED CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS GRAFTS

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD)

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Surgical Questionnaire	CONFIDENTIAL
Hospital number of patient: Case Control	
What is this study about?	Who should complete this questionnaire?
NCEPOD will be reviewing organisational issues in the delivery of care to patients who undergo first time coronary artery bypass grafting, (CABG). Data will be collected over a three-year period from all sites across	If you have received this questionnaire it is because we believe that you were the consultant surgeon who performed the CABG procedure.
England, Wales, Northern Ireland, Scotland, Guernsey, and the Isle of Man, from both the independent and public sector. Both emergency and elective procedures	A questionnaire has also been sent to the consultant anaesthetist involved in the case.
will be included in data collection.	Please return the completed questionnaire in the pre pai envelope provided.
The work is supported by the Society of Cardiothoracic Surgeons of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Association of Cardiothoracic Anaesthetists.	Incomplete questionnaires may be followed up.
Inclusion criteria for the study	How to complete this questionnaire
 All adults aged 16 or over who: Die in hospital during or following first time CABG, between 1st April 2004 – 31st March 2007 Had a CABG and survived, and have been identified as a control subject by NCEPOD. 	This form will be electronically scanned. Please use a black or blue pen. Please complete all sections with either block capitals or a bold cross inside the boxes provided. Yes No Unknown If you make a mistake, please 'black-out' the box and
Questions or help	re-enter the correct information, e.g.
If you have any queries about the study or this questionnaire, please contact NCEPOD: cardiothoracic@ncepod.org.uk	Yes No Unknown Definitions: Where (def) is indicated, a definition is provide

ed on the back of the questionnaire.

CPD accreditation for completing NCEPOD Questionnaires

Consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires make a valuable contribution to the investigation of patient care. Completion of questionnaires also provides an opportunity for consultants to review their clinical management and undertake a period of personal reflection. These activities have a continuing medical and professional development value for individual consultants. Consequently, NCEPOD recommends that consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires keep a record of this activity which can be included as evidence of internal / self directed Continuous Professional Development in their appraisal portfolio.

A	A THE PATIENT	
1.	Month and year of birth	m m y y y y
2.	Gender	Male Female
В	B RISK FACTORS	
3.	a. Please state the patient's additive EuroSCORE (as calculated at the time nearest to surgery)	
	b. Date when calculated	d d m m y y y y
	No evidence of EuroSCORE being calculated	
4.	Please complete the EuroSCORE matrix (def)	
	a. Age – 1 point per 5 year (or part thereof) over 60b. Female	
	c. Chronic pulmonary disease	
	d. Extracardiac arteriopathy	
	e. Neurological dysfunction	
	f. Previous cardiac surgery	
	g. Serum creatinine >200 µmol/L preoperatively	
	h. Active endocarditis	
	i. Critical preoperative state	
	j. Unstable angina	
	k. LV function	
	I. Recent myocardial infarct (<90 days)	
	m. Pulmonary hypertension (systolic PA pressure >60	mmHg)
	n. Emergency	
	o. Other than isolated CABG	
	p. Surgery on thoracic aorta	
	q. Post infarct septal rupture	
C	C REFERRAL AND ADMISSION PROCESS	
5.	a. Was the referral made according to a standardised written protocol?	res No Unknown
	(Answers may be multiple) FI	rom GP to surgeon/unit rom within your hospital to the cardiothoracic surgical unit rom District General Hospital to the cardiothoracic surgical unit Other (please Specify)

6.	What was the speciality of the referring practitioner?	Cardiology Other (please Specify)	
7.	What was the grade (or nearest equivalent) of the referring practitioner?	Consultant SpR Staff Grade Unknown	GP If SpR, state year if known Associate Specialist
8.	How was the referral made? (answers may be multiple)	Letter Fax Conversation	Telephone Email Multidisciplinary team (MDT) meeting
9.	To whom was the referral for cardiothoracic surgery addressed?	Named cardiothoraci Business manager/PA Cardiothoracic unit Central appointment On-call surgeon Nurse case manager/s Other (please specify)	VUnit administrator
10.	 a. Considering the patient's clinical condit was there an unnecessary delay betwee initial referral, (whether elective or urge to the unit and being seen by a cardioth consultant? b. If yes, what was the reason for this? (please specify) 	n the ent),	No Unknown
_			
11.	Date decision made to operate	d d	m m y y

D	SCHEDULING OF OPERATIONS			
12.	a. Has this operation been scheduled in the past but cancelled?	Yes	No No	Unknown
	b. If yes, on how many occasions?			
13.	Was this case done on a routine scheduled operating list?	Yes	No No	Unknown
E	MULTIDISCIPLINARY CASE PLANNING			
14.	Was this patient discussed at a multidisciplinary team (MDT) meeting prior to surgery?	Yes	No No	Unknown
15.	If this patient had a non surgical coronary intervention on this admission, was the decision for treatment (e.g. PCI) made jointly between cardiology and cardiothoracic surgery? (If applicable)	Yes Non a	No pplicable	Unknown
E	PATIENT INVESTIGATIONS			
16.	Was a written protocol for investigations followed for this patient?	Yes	No No	Unknown
17.	What investigations did this patient undergo pre-opera	tively?		
	Coronary angiogram	Yes	No	Unknown
	If yes please state date (dd mm yyyy)			
		Date (unknown	
	Echo/LV angiogram/Isotope scan	Yes	No	Unknown
	Electrocardiogram	Yes	No	Unknown
	Carotid ultrasound	Yes	No	Unknown
	MRSA screen	Yes	No	Unknown
	Liver function tests	Yes	No	Unknown
	Clotting screen	Yes	No	Unknown
	Chest X-ray within the last month	Yes	No	Unknown
	If yes, please state date (dd mm yyyy)			
		Date (unknown	
	Full blood count	Yes	No	Unknown
	Urea and electrolytes	Yes	No	Unknown
	Lung function tests	Yes	No	Unknown
	Blood gases	Yes	No	Unknown

G COMORBIDITIES

18. Did the patient have any of the following comorbidities, and were they reasonably managed pre-operatively?

		Reasonably managed?
Diabetes management	0 (Not diabetic) 1 (Diet controlled diabetes) 2 (Oral therapy controlled diabetes) 3 (Insulin controlled diabetes)	Yes No Unknown
Hypertension	0 (No hypertension) 1 (Treated or BP >140/90 mmHg on >1 occasion prior to admission)	Yes No Unknown
State creatinine closest to surgery State urea closest to surgery	0 (No renal disease) 1 (Functioning transplant) 2 (Creatinine >200μmol/l) 3 (Dialysis: Acute renal failure; onset within 6 weeks of cardiac surgery) 4 (Dialysis: Chronic renal failure; more than 6 weeks prior to cardiac surgery) μmol 1-1 mmol 1-1	Yes No Unknown
Ejection fraction value	1 (Good – LVEF>50%) 2 (Fair – LVEF 30-50%) 3 (Poor – LVEF <30%)	
Respiratory disease (If yes, please complete the following questions) Was the patient regularly taking bronchodilators?	Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown	Yes No Unknown
Was the patient regularly taking oral steroids	Yes No Unknown	
Please state Forced Vital Capacity	Litres	
Please state Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) closest to surgery	Litres	
Current smoker?	Yes No Unknown	

Q18 continues overleaf

icas	se state other comorbidities		
Othe	er	Yes	Yes No Unknown
Othe	er	Yes	Yes No Unknown
Othe	er	Yes	Yes No Unknown
н	PERI-OPERATIVE MANAGE	MENT	
). W	What was the category of operation	Salvage Emergency Urgent Elective	
). a	a. Did any critical incidents ^(def) occur per- and postoperative periods?	during the Yes	No Unknown
b	o. If yes, please describe		
c.	. If yes, were these reported?	Yes	No Unknown
1. a	a. Did the patient develop any posto complications?	operative Yes	No Unknown
b	o. If yes, please tick all that apply		
Г	Stroke	Myocardial infarction	Chest infection
L		Tamponade	Generalised sepsis
	Renal impairment		
	Renal impairment Wound infection	Mediastinitis	Pulmonary embolus
		Mediastinitis Hepatic failure	Pulmonary embolus Other (please specify)
	Wound infection	H	

	d. If yes, please give details for all complications				
	e. If yes, in your opinion was the management of any per- and postoperative complications adequate?	Yes	No No	Unknown	
Ū	I POSTOPERATIVE CARE				
22.	2. a. Immediately following surgery, what level of care did the patient receive? (def)	0	1	2 3	
	b. What was the level of care required?	0	1	2 3	
	c. If level of care was not as required, please state why				
23	a. Was the patient transferred to a lower level of care earlier than they should have been due to reasons other than clinical need?	Yes	No	Unknown	
	b. If yes, please state why				
J	J APPROPRIATENESS OF SURGERY	-	-		
24	a. Was a clear written operative treatment plan recorded prior to surgery?	Yes	No	Unknown	
	b. If yes, was this followed?	Yes	No No	Unknown	
	i. If no, what variations occurred? (please specify)			
	ii. Why did these variations occur? (please specify)			

	c. If no operative plan was available, why not? (please specify)
25	a. Did operative findings correlate with pre-operative assessment?
	b. What were those differences?
	c. If no, were any differences potentially significant Yes No Unknown in terms of outcome?
26.	What was the grade (or nearest equivalent) of the Number of years grade held? surgeon starting the operation?
	Consultant SpR Staff Grade/Associate Specialist SHO PRHO Unknown
27.	a. What was the grade (or nearest equivalent) of the surgeon performing the operation. Number of years grade held?
	Consultant SpR Staff Grade/Associate Specialist Unknown
	b. If not performing the operation, please state the consultant's involvement

	What was the grade (or nearest equivalent) of the urgeon closing the chest?	Nu	mber of year	grade held?	
	Consultant SpR Staff Grade/Associate Specialist SHO Unknown]]]	
	s the surgeon who performed the operation a nember of the Society of Cardiothoracic Surgeons?	Yes	No No	Unknown	
K	COMMUNICATION AND CONTINUITY O	OF CARE			
	Vhat was the final operation performed?				
31. a	Did you feel there was 'stability' within the theatre team for this case?	Yes	No	Unknown	
b	Did you feel 'at ease' within the theatre team in this case?	Yes	No	Unknown	
c	I. If no, please give details				
L	MULTIDISCIPLINARY REVIEW AND AUG	DIT			
32. a	. Was this patient specifically reviewed at an audit meeting following surgery?	Yes	No No	Unknown	
b	o. If no, will they be reviewed in the future?	Yes	No	Unknown	
33. I	f the outcome was death:				
a	. Was the patient referred to HM Coroner/Procurator Fiscal?	Yes	No No	Unknown	
b	o. If yes, was there a coronial/procurator fiscal autopsy?	Yes	No No	Unknown	
c	. If no, was a hospital autopsy performed?	Yes	No	Unknown	
C	I. Did the surgeon review the autopsy report?	Yes	No	Unknown	

M PATIENT OUTCOME 34. What was the cause of death (as given on the Medical Certificate of the Cause of Death or as given by HM Coroner's/Procurator Fiscal's pathologist)? (If applicable) 1a 1b 1c 2 No report available STRUCTURED COMMENTARY On these next two pages we would ask that you provide any additional comments you wish to report about the management of this patient. We have tried to aid this by highlighting some of the areas that you might want to consider. If you find these areas not to be relevant please complete the not applicable box. The advisors find a summary of the salient features from the perspective of the clinician involved of immense assistance in assessing the case. Please consider the following areas, with respect to patient outcome, when you fill in this section. Not applicable Delays in the admission process. Not applicable Deterioration of the patient during hospital transfer. Not applicable Delays, absence of, or unclear investigations; if so please give examples.

STRUCTURED COMMENTARY (CONTINUED) Not applicable Placing the patient in an inappropriate area. Not applicable Cancelled from the operation list. Did the surgeon have sufficient rest prior to undertaking the surgery? Not applicable Not applicable The management of comorbidities. Not applicable The occurrence and management of critical incidents during the per- and postoperative period.

STRUCTURED COMMENTARY (CONTINUED) Not applicable The appropriateness of the management of any postoperative complications. Any hindrance of full monitoring of the patient throughout the procedure. Not applicable Not applicable Inappropriateness of the location of the patient immediately after surgery. Not applicable With the benefit of hindsight, was anything you would have done differently during the operation? Not applicable Poor continuity of care during inpatient stay.

STRUCTURED COMMENTARY (CONTINUED) Not applicable If an autopsy was performed, were any problems with management identified and what was the level of clinicopathological correlation? Not applicable Involvement with the multidisciplinary team. Any additional comments:

EuroSCORE				
	Definition	Score		
Patient-related factors				
Age	Per 5 years or part thereof over 60 years	1		
Sex	Female	1		
Chronic pulmonary disease	Long term use of bronchodilators or steroids for lung disease	1		
Extracardiac arteriopathy	Any one or more of the following: claudication, carotid occlusion or >50% stenosis, previous or planned intervention on the abdominal aorta, limb arteries or carotids	2		
Neurological dysfunction	Disease severely affecting ambulation or day-to- day functioning	2		
Previous cardiac surgery	Requiring opening of the pericardium	3		
Serum creatinine	>200µmol/L pre-operatively	2		
Active endocarditis	Patient still under antibiotic treatment for endo- carditis at the time of surgery	3		
Critical pre-operative state	Any one or more of the following: ventricular tachycardia or fibrillation or aborted sudden death, pre-operative cardiac massage, pre-operative ventilation before arrival in the anaesthetic room, pre-operative inotropic support, intraaortic balloon counterpulsation or pre-operative acute renal failure (anuria or oliguria <10ml/h	3		

Cardiac related factors		
Unstable angina	Rest angina requiring i.v. nitrates until arrival in the anaesthetic room	2
IV duraturation	Moderate or LVEF 30-50%	1
LV dysfunction	Poor or LVEF <30%	3
Recent myocardial infarct	(<90 days)	2
Pulmonary hypertension	Systolic PA pressure >60 mmHg	2

Operation related factors		
Emergency	Carried out on referral before the beginning of the next working day	2
Other than isolated CABG	Major cardiac procedure other than or in addition to CABG	2
Surgery on thoracic aorta	For disorder of ascending, arch or descending aorta	3
Post infarct septal rupture		4

Nashef Sam, Roques F, Michel P, Gauducheau E, Lemeshow S, Salamon R, European System for Cardiac Operative Rest Evaluation (EuroSCORE), European Journal of Cardiothoracic Surgery 1999, 16:9-13.

DEFINITIONS		
Category of operation	Salvage: Patients requiring CPR en-route to the operating theatre or prior to anaesthetic induction. CPR following anaesthetic induction should not be included.	
	Emergency: Unscheduled patients with ongoing refractory cardiac compromise. There should be no delay in surgical intervention irrespective of time or day.	
	Urgent: Patients who have not been scheduled for routine admission from the waiting list but who require surgery on the current admission for medical reasons. They cannot be sent home without surgery.	
	Elective: Routine admission from the waiting list. The procedure can be deferred without risk.	
	(Society of Cardiothoracic Surgeons, 2003)	
Critical incident	Any incident or event which has caused or could have caused an adverse outcome for the patient.	
	(CRIME-base Brighton, 2000. www.eee.bham.ac.uk/crime)	
Levels of care	Level 0: Patients whose needs can be met through normal ward care in an acute hospital.	
	Level 1: Patients at risk of their condition deteriorating, or those recently relocated from higher levels of care whose needs can be met on an acute ward with additional advice and support from the critical care team.	
	Level 2: Patients requiring more detailed observation or intervention including support for a single failing organ system or postoperative care, and those stepping down from higher levels of care.	
	Level 3: Patients requiring advanced respiratory support alone or basic respiratory support together with support of at least two organs. This level includes all complex patients requiring support for multi-organ failure.	
	(Department of Health, 2000)	
Multidisciplinary team	All health care professionals involved in the care of the patient.	



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